Richmond and Alleghany Railroad. The bill affirming the contract between the James-River and Kanawha Canal Company and the Richmond and Alleghan Railroad Company was further debated yes-Lerday in the House of Delegates without any decisive action.

Mr. Bocock made a few further remarks upon the prominent features of the bill and placed the corporators in a just and proper light. They were desirous of making i be plain, properly guarded, and confirmed by the Legislature. It was possible to have gotten the property of the canal company in another way—to have gotten possible—but the structure of the way—to have gotten possible—but the parties desired to accomplish their enterprise observations. The marked in alludcontract with the canal company that should be plain, properly guarded, and confirmed parties desired to accomplish their enterprise with the cooperation and concurrence of the people of the Valley of James river and the people of Virginia. They desired to construct a work that would be beneficial to the people of the Valley and of Virginia, as well as to themselves their idea being that the highest degree of success and satisfaction could only be obtained by entire harmony between their corporation and the people of Virginia.

General Ewing, of Ohio, speaking for the corporators, has more than once given handsome expression to these elevated

The contract which was entered into with canal company. That company was composed of the soundest business men and the best citizens of the State. They had, most of them, struggled against adversity that would have brought despondency and exhaustion long years ago upon a body of men of less energy and constancy. These were the men who at last were convinced that there was no alternative left, and that they must abandon the canal and turn it over to a company that would build a railroad in its place, and thus give to the State the only means of relief from a work that had so long oppressed her, and that fended stendily to impoverish her people and exhaust her re-

This unanimous vote of this most sagaclous and trustworthy body of men was most remarkable. We do not think it possible that the same number of citizens of the State could be selected that should be entitled to as much weight in deciding such a question as that of the sale and conversion of the canal into a railroad. And it seems to be strange that so many that are less experienced and less capable than the members of the canal company should undertake to improve their conclusions and amend | dimmed." [Applause.] their contract.

The contract was considered long and maturely. It is guarded at all points, and the railway company volunteered a guarantee for the fulfilment of their contract that is without precedent in such matters. The sum of half a million for that purpose is, we say, without precedent in such a case. Yet with all the care and sagacity of such speech, worthy of the Governor of Vira body as that composing the old canal company, we find a surprising activity in proffers to improve upon their forecast,

These things we understand. It is not from really wise men, nor is it from purposes in consonance with the true interests of Virginia, that they emanate. Far otherwise. Alien strategists have much to do with them, and their favorite mode of legislative warfare is to overload a measure they seek to destroy by "restrictions" for the protection of somebody, or some interest that needs not protection.

tured by such men, and in such spirit, we in favor of the measure, as it came from on and perfect the law. declare, with a sincere conviction of the River Canal Company, wouldn't it be well sure of the Senate to grant the very modetruth of what we say, is more entitled to to call a meeting of the citizens, and let them rate request asked for to postpone the bill the respect and favor of the General As- say for themselves whether or not the Richsembly of Virginia than any measure of im- mond delegation is representing them, or provement which we have known to be placed before that body for fifty years-and we have a claim to speak for that time from personal observation,

This measure is endowed with more promise and benefit to the Commonwealth than any other we remember, and for Richmond it is without comparison in all the projects that have been put forth for her advantage. Richmond beholds in it her greatest friend, her greatest stimulus to growth and opu- other lines built in the State ?

We regret that while her good people are, we believe, as nearly unanimous in their ardent approval of the bill as is well possible, their representatives in the House of Delegates are understood to be divided upon young fighting Indians being coarse and some vital questions with regard to it. This is unsecountably strange. Such discord amongst the representatives of a people who are wisely and happily altogether harmonious is a wonder of the day. HU Let us hope that conference and delibera-

tion will put an end to this wonder, and bring about barmony amongst the representatives as well as the people. But let us furthermore hope that discus-

sion will serve the good purpose of unbur tuening the members of their diverse views and bring them to the condition of readiness to vote dispassionately and calmly, with a sincere desire to do what is wisest for the good of the Commonwealth. We beg members to beware what they

do. We assure them that men of activity and money influence are actively engaged to prejudice Virginia and Virginians in the depending upon a formal disposition money market, to represent all investments in this Commonwealth as perilous, and par- suit, and when the receiver's bills came ticularly to put a check upon this Rich- in filed objection to their payment. mond and Alleghany railroad because it does promise to improve Virginia commerce tional cases he would have power to direct and manufactures in such a manner as to impair the interests of some communities who look upon Yirginia rivalry as dangerous to themselves.

Governor Holliday shows clearly in his message that to pay 4 per cent. interest will call for an increase of 40 per cent. over the

present rate of taxation .- Whig, The Governor said it would require an additional tax of 20 to 40 cents on each hundred dollars' worth of property to pay "this large deficit [of \$700,000 or \$800,000], together with back and accrning interest," at six per cent. And this he gave as a reason why the State should basten to close in with the bondholders' offer to accept four ville, southwest of Bridgewater. Some per cent. The Auditor estimates that 4 young men entered it on Friday last and of 1873, in relation to descents from inof the rate of taxation if the present assessment be not reduced. At my rate, we will agree for and on behalf of all the "funders"

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man is not reproved for a righteous deed he | GRANAL ANDREWEL OF VIRGINIA. agat not to be reproved for a wrongla one. The fact of the specter is that the editor aforesaid is incapable of understandng that he was guilty of presumptuous intermeddling when he consured a southern college for using antext-books the works of men the latchets of whose shoes he is not worthy to unleose. It is a waste of time to argue with Paul Pavs who do not know, and cannot be made to understand, that they are Paul PRYS.

Governor Holliday. The Richmond Whig of yesterday has the

"We have a Governor who came to Rich mond filled with determination to magnify observations, be remarked, in alluding to the occupation of Petersburg by United States soldiers on the eye of an election (and which Governor Kemper had met by a proclamation), that had he then been Governor he would have marshalled the to prepayment of clerks' fees, &c., under whole military force of the Common wealth, put himself in person at their bead, and met those Federal troops on the borders of be State, and repelled the invasion at all hazards! That was his talk. What has are judges to Referred, a more of interpolation been the performance of this mighty potentate and invincible hero? Vetoes!"

WHAT GOVERNOR HOLLIDAY DID say: Governor Holliday arrived in Richmond January 1, 1878, and was introduced to the people in an address of welcome by the canal was voted for unanimously by the Judge Lay. The Governor made the following brief responsive address:

"I thank you, eitizens of Richmond, for this cordial reception.

"It is true I come from the far-off gate of the Valley, but I remember that the blood of many of her sons moisten the soil around this once besieged city; and that much of yours has been shed in defence of my own now historic town. Distance does not lessen the love that animates the entire people of my section for our common mother, but burns as warmly as in this her metropolis. Applause.] "I know this demonstration is not in-

tended for me; it is intended for the Governor-elect of Virginia. I trust it be a foreaste of the cordiality with which my administration shall be received by the people of the State. "From them must come that legislation

which it will be my duty to enforce. May it be consistent with the highest honor and best interests of the Common wealth.

"I tender to you, citizen-soldiers, my thanks for this manifestation of your esteem. Should times of trial come, yours is the arm ornament-I know it will prove the State's

"And you, citizens and soldiers, one and ill, and through you the people of the enire State, I beg, give me your support as I here give you my faith, and I know the brow of Virginia's glory shall not be

There is certainly no appearance of "a determination to magnify his office" in this | ment. peech. Nor is there any allusion whatever to the occupation of Petersburg by the · United States soldiers on the eve of an elec- poned-ayes, 29; noes, 4. "tion." Nor any declaration of a threatening or grandiloquent character in anything that is said. It is a warm-hearted, sincere ginia. That is all; and the swash-bucklerism of the Whiq's article originated in that paper and cannot be found outside of it.

The Washington Post has the champion interviewer of the world.

James-River Valley Railway. To the Editors of the Dispatch :

The improssion seems to prevail in the community that the chief opposition to the railway bill comes from the Richmond delegation. As the mercantile and manufacturmisrepresenting them, in this business?

The canal, by the declaration of its president, solemnly made to the Legislature, being dead beyond resurrection, if the company proposing to build the railway is thwarted by the action of the Legislature, what is proposed to be done, in the matter of transportation, for the people of the James-River Valley? They will not have KERSON. even a wagon road. And will not a railway be built from Clifton Forge to Lynchburg, and leave Richmond out in the cold, as has been the case with too many of the MANUFACTURER.

JANUARY 22. Editors Dispatch; Under your heading in to-day's Dispatch "The Indians" you spoke of the term "bucks" as applied to

If you will read the annals of the State of New York, Massachusetts, &c., you will find advertisements put out by the progenitors of their present creme de la creme of regrophobilist society, like this: "For sale—two cows, one puncheon Ja

malea rum, a few hogs, one wench, just landed. Are you not wrong in your censure?

IMPORTANT RAILROAD DECISION .- Judge Drummend, of Indianapolis, rendered a deeision in the matter of the Logansport, Urawfordsville and Southwestern Railroad Company. The particular question involved was whether the expenditures made by the receiver formed a lien prior to that of the irst mortgage bonds. In this case the second mortgage bondbolders had sued to the foreclosure, and a receiver was appointed to take charge of the trust, of the cause. The first mortgage bondholders were not made a party to the Judge Drummond stated that in excepthe building of a link, branch, or extension of the road which would make it a valuable property, and charge the expense to the first mortgage bondholders. In this case the re-

ceiver built a branch road six or seven miles long, under order of the court, and expense was charged to the first mortgage bondholders. The claim will not be allowed, previded that the loaner can trace his money directly into an improvement of the road. The Court will allow that a person must satisfy himself of the receiver's authority to borrow money, else he does so at his own risk, and if the money is misappled the

court can afford bim no relief. ANOTHER CAVE .-- An extensive cavern has been discovered and partially explored. per cent. can be paid without any increase explored it for the distance of a mile or more, when further penetration was interfered with by a stream of water of such size as to prevent their crossing it. They give a glowing description of what they saw in stalagmite and stalactic formations, to she with the form of animals for the formations, and insolvents; for the relief saw in the form of animals for the formations, and insolvents; for the relief make sale and transfer of all its works, pro-

THURSDAY, January 23, 1879. SENATE. Lieutenant-Governor WALKER presiding. A number of bills were reported from

Mr. Quesenberry presented a resolution that in the true meaning and inten of the provision in the act of the 12th of March, 1876, prescribing the manner in which salaries of members of the General Assembly shall be paid raf the rule therein prescribed authorizes the accounting of ficers to issue certificates of attendance and warrants for a fractional part of the weekly salary—and it so, to what extent. Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice. Mr. Massey presented a bill to equalize

iaxation. Referred,
Mr. Danist presented a resolution as to
whether the General Assembly has the right

By Mr. Steap: A bill to provide for the registration of voters in the counties of ce and Buchanani Referred. docari a By Mr. Massey: A resolution in relation

certain circumstances. Referred. By Mr. Dickensoy: LA obilisto probibit county judges from being interested in law firms practicing law in courts of which they SUNDAY TRAINS.

Mr. Hurr of Pittsylvania moved to take up his joint resolution requesting Congress to pass a law prohibiting the running of States on the Sabbatb-day. Agreed to.
Mr. DANIEL spoke in opposition to the esolution, on the ground that Congress had no right to do any such thing. Mr. Hunr spoke in favor of his resolu-

Mr. Massey concurred in the sentiments expressed by Mr. DANIEL, and of the impolicy of giving the United States Government any more power; but thought that nicated to that body his reasons for paying Virginia might legislate herself on the sub-

Mr. GAYLE agreed with Mr. DANIEL that the principle was wrong, and he was not ity of a resolution of the House passed some willing to give color to it. The running of years ago. trains is a matter of police, and he was unwilling to concede to Congress any enlargement of its power; which is already too Mr. Massey moved to amend the resolu-

tion so as to request Congress to amend the mail laws so as to obviate the necessity of transmitting the mails on Sunday. Mr. Paur thought the amendment would not obviate the difficulties in the way, and argued pointedly to show that the resolution

should not be passed. Mr. BLAND presented an amendment to Mr. Massey's amendment, so as to prohibit the running of steamboats, and, in fact, all on which I shall have to lean. It is the water craft, from 12 o'clock Saturday night until 12 o'clock Sunday night, &c. Mr. DANIEL moved to indefinitely postpone the resolution, and spoke in favor of his motion.

Mr. BETTS opposed the resolution. He thought no good would come of it, and that it was a matter that should be left with the Mr. Hurr accepted Mr. Masser's amend- and on the public debt.

Mr. PHLEGAR moved the previous ques tion, and it was ordered. The resolution was indefinitely post-LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

On motion of Mr. FULKERSON, Mr. BROOKE was granted three days leave of absence. On motion of Mr. ELLIOTT, Mr. HAIRS-TON was granted five days leave of absence.

THE MOFFETT-REGISTER LAW. At 1 P. M, the Moffett-register bill and amendments, being the special order, were taken up on motion of Mr. Grimsley. Mr. NASH moved to postpone the bill until Monday, and make it the order of the day for Monday next at 1 P. M.

Mr. GRIMSLEY opposed the motion. Mr. FULKERSON favored the motion to Mr. QUESENBERRY hoped there would be an expression of opinion on the part of the

Senate as to which method of taxation is preferred. He boped there would be no ing interests of the city appear to be a unit more delays, but that the Senate would go Mr. GAYLE hoped it would be the plea-

> until Monday. Mr. GRIMSLEY said a sense of public duty required him to insist that the consideration of the bill should not be postponed. Mr. CHILES favored the proposed post ponement and gave several reasons for it. Mr. Hurr of Pittsylvania thought the

> Senate, in justice to the committee, ought to go on with the consideration of the bill

> Mr. FULKERSON said his proposition met with the approbation of all the liquor-dealers of the State. It provides for a considerable increase in the license-tax, and for its payment in money.

Mr. Nash withdrew his motion to postpone, and the clerk was about to commence the reading of the bill when Mr. Paul renewed the motion to postpone. He said to be a fraud. that Mr. Nash had not asked anything at the hands of the Senate this session, and he thought it but fair that the Senate should grant it.

Mr. MARSHALL called the pending question; which was ordered. Mr. FULKERSON demanded the ayes and noes, and so the Senate refused to postpone by the following vote:

ATES.—Messrs. Bliss. Chiles. Daniel, Fulkerson. Gayle. Nash. Norton. Paul, Sherrard, Slemp, Ward, and. Wood—12.

NOES.—Messrs. Betts. Bland, Dickenson. Elliott. Goode. Grimsley, Hurt of Halliax, Hurt of Pittsylvania, Kolner, Marsball. Massey, Moulton. Murray, Nunn. Phlegar. Quesenberry, Smith. Spitler, Tyler, and Walston—20.

The bill was then read by the clerk, secion by section. Mr. Massey moved to strike out in the court shall refuse to grant the application [for license] the party aggrieved may du-ring the term at which such refusal is entered appeal to the judge of the circuit court | Donald, professor of geology and mineralsaid appeal, and may order the county court | printed.

of said county to grant the license upon the terms required by this act." The Senate refused to strike out the right of appeal—ayes, 6; noes, 23.

Mr. Smith of Nelson moved to amend in the twelfth line by adding the requirement of an oath to be given by the dealer, &c.

Lost—ayes, 5; noes, 20. Mr. GAYLE moved to strike out these words in the 2d section: "All bonds taken under the provisions of this act shall contain a waiver of bomestead." Lost. Mr. HURT of Halifax moved to amend the 5th section so as to make the tax half cent on

malt liquors (as now) instead of one cent, as proposed by the committee. On motion of Mr. FULKERSON, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES. The SPEAKER in the chair. Preyer by Rev. Mr. Weddell.

REPORTED FROM COMMITTEES. House Bills: To prescribe the times for holding the Circuit Courts in the Sixteenth fants; to smend and reconst section 10 of agree for and on behalf of all the "funders" state as to prevent, their crossing it. The state of interest of the rate of interest of the long state of the rate of interest of the long state of the rate of interest of the long state of the rate of interest of the long state of little defict out of the long state of long state of the long state of the long state of the long st

ished them; to provide for working and keeping the public roads in Prince Edvard. House Joint Resolution: Instructing sinators and requesting representatives in the Congress of the United States to vote to an integral of the United State amendment to the banking laws of the United States, flying the penalty for usury. INTRODUCED AND DEFERRED WITHOUT RED-

of Directors of the Penitentiary, and to substitute therefor the Board of Visitors selected from different parts of the State. By Mr. TALIAPERRO of Norfolk city: A bill, to incorporate the Norfolk and Ocen

View Railroad and Hotel Company. By Mr. Dran: Petition of chizens Henry, Patrick, and Franklin countle, praying legislation for the removal of destructions to the passage of fish up Smith's they existed at the date of the passage of river

By Mr. WILKINSON: A bill to legalize and make valid the vote of the qualified voterof the town of Danville, Va., tavoring ubscription of \$50,000 to the capital stock of the Dan-River Coalfield railroad, and to make the same applicable to the Dan-Valey and Yadkin-River Narrow-Gauge Rairoad Company 1: 15 Annual

By Mr. KYLE: Resolved, That the Committee for Court of Justice inquire and report whether or to modify the amendment he suggested so not the Committee on House Expenses has as to provide that any forfeiture should the authority to direct additional or extra enure to the benefit of the James River and the House.

THE CONVICTS. The Committee on Asylums and Prisons submitted a report in relation to the treatment of convicts on the canal. Their conclusions are about the same as those of the Senate committee heretofore published. THE JANITOR OF THE HOUSE.

In response to a resolution of the House of the House) \$6 per day-viz., under cer-The Auditor says: "I am informed by money markets.

the Clerk of the House that this officer (the Janitor) necessarily employs several assistmade to him."

Referred to Committee on Officers, &c. PROBABLE EXPENSES, &C. In response to the resolution of Mr.-HENay, adopted by the House, the Auditor

communicated to the House "a statement showing the amount of insolvent and delinquent taxes for the year 1877," and "a statement of the probable expenses of government for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1879": Total insolvents......\$125,934 74 robable expenses of government for 871,042 00

The estimate of expenses includes all arearages to public institutions, asylums, &c., out does not include arrearages of revenue due the school fund, the literary fund, or the loan to the Miller fund, nor the interest

The report (totals from it only are given above) was passed by and ordered to be printed. THE NEW INVESTIGATION.

The SPEAKER laid before the House the EXCHANGE HOTEL, ?

RICHMOND, January 23, 1879. Delegates:

Dear Sir,-I was informed last evening, Grafton at an early day. and have since seen published in the newspapers, that John Wilkinson, a member of the House of Delegates from Pittsylvania, made statements to the effect that I had acted improperly as counsel for the Commonwealth in the prosecution of certain claims placed in my hands by the Auditor of Publie Accounts against the sureties of C. L. Powell, late sheriff of Pittsylvania county, and took occasion at the same time to make a gross assault upon my character, and

foundation. I beg to say, through you, to your honorable body that the subject to which he referred had been investigated by the Committee of Finance and the Auditor of Pubic Accounts, and to both my explanations were satisfactory; and this was known to Mr. Wilkinson. I therefore respectfully ask, as an act of

justice to me, that the House of Delegates instruct the proper committee to send for persons and papers, and make a full investi-Very respectfully,

E. BARKSDALE, Jr. gation of my conduct and report the result.

Mr. WILKINSON, in a personal explanation, said, as he did vesterday, that he disclaimed all purpose to inculpate Colonel Flournoy. He believed that that gentleman was entirely guiltless of any wrong in the matter.

Had the special committee been formed be would have declined to serve upon it;

Moore.

Died. 22d January. 1879. at the residence of his BkOWNE MOORE, in the thirtieth year of his age; only son of Dr. Samuel Priston and Mary A.

and he reiterated that in this matter he was not influenced by personal feeling, but a desire to have light shed upon what appeared On motion of Mr. EDMUNDS, Colonel

Barksdale's letter was referred to the Committee of Finance. . PAY OF OFFICIALS, The following special committee was appointed under the resolution of Mr. Fow-

certain officers: Messrs. Fowler, McMul-LAN, BOHANAN, LACY, EDMUNDS, GREEN, JORDAN, LADY, and SANDIDGE. VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE. The SPEAKER laid before the House the

semi-annual report of the Superintendent of the Virginia Military Institute, and with t a map of the James-River Ore-Belt drawn by W. G. Williamson, civil engineer, from notes furnished by Colonel M. McDonald. second section these words: "If the county and a report of a Geological and Mineral Examination of a portion of the James-River Iron-Belt made under the authority of the Virginia Military Institute by M. Mcof said county in term-lime or yacation, and ogy.

of said county in term-lime or yacation, and ogy.

Laid on the table and ordered to be

THE CODE OF 1873. On motion of Mr. W. B. TALIAFERRO:

Resolved, That the Auditor of Public Accounts be and is instructed to report to this House the cost of compiling and publishing the Code of 1873 and the amount of money received from the sale of the same, exclusive of any commissions paid to booksellers or agents. BLACKSBURG COLLEGE.

On motion of Mr. SHELBURNE, House bill proposing to end the dissensions in the official corps of the Agricultural and Mechanical College at Blacksburg by reorganizing the Board of Visitors, Faculty, &c., was taken up and made the special order for the 31st instant. LEAVE OF ABSENCE

was granted Mr. NELSON for four days. BIRD BILL. Another bill in relation to game (pro-

nosed by Mr. CURLETT) came up. Mr. WHITE of Hanover moved to dismiss hand explained his position. Mr. HUNTER had the floor, and was arguing in favor of the bill, when at 1 o'clock the special order (having been previously

1 Goochland; providing for commutation for the default of \$500,000 a penalty, and to stock of the canal company new owned by the State. In case these words were stricken out Mr. BERNARD proposed to offer the following amendment to a subsequent section:

Strike out all of the eighth sub-division of section 1 after the word "which" in fourth line, and insert in lieu thereof the following: "The works, property, and franchises of the James River and Kanawha Company are hereby authorized to be conveyed. A failure to build said railroad nesoured, That the Committee on Asylums and Prisons be directed to inquire into and Prisons be directed to inquire into and prisons be directed to inquire into and maintain the same when bufft, shall work a forfeiture of said works, property and Discovery of abrogating the office of Board framebook. ediency of abrogating the office of Board and franchises, and also of the works, property, and franchises of said railroad company to said James River and Kanawha Company; provided, however, that such forfeiture shall not prejudice the rights of any credi-tor of said railroad company, and upon such forfeiture said James River and Kanawha Company shall thereupon be revived and restored as a corporation, with all of its rights, privileges, and franchises, just as

> The bill was discussed by Messrs. HAN GER, ANDERSON, BOCOCK, DICKENSON, and HARVIE. The speakers were allowed the amplest latitude. Mr. HANGER favored the pending amend

ment, with the view of inserting "to be forfeited and delivered to the Common wealth of Virginia." Mr. Anderson suggested to Mr. HANGER

compensation to be paid to any employe of Kanawha Company, which corporation shall be kept alive until the completion of the raffrond, in order that we may still have an organization to complete the railroad, in view of the fact that money forfeited to the State could not, under the Constitution, be used to complete the railroad. Mr. Bocock again explained that the bil was to authorize a contract, not charter s road; and how unnecessary it was, after all

the guarantees the company has given the the Auditor, through the SPEAKER, commu- | canal, to insist upon the various amendments offered. He thought that all that the Janitor (the man who cleans up the hail | these amendments aimed at was as well as possible provided for in the bill, and that tificate of the clerk, who acted upon author- further alterations might be dangerous, and were certainly unwise, and would hamper the company when they went into the Mr. DICKENSON, of Russell, made a lengthy

rgument, from which it seemed that he was ants, who are paid out of the allowance not much in favor of the bill; but if it was to be passed he wanted an amendment requiring the Richmond and Alleghany Raiload Company to build a branch to Pound Gap. He claimed that in coal, iron, and other ores the Clinch Valley counties excelled all other sections of the State.

The motion to strike out prevailed. Mr. W. T. TALIAFERRO had the floor, when (at 3 P. M.) he gave way to a motion

AN ANTI-BISMARCK MEETING .- New York January 22.—An anti-Bismarck meeting was held at Chickering Hall to-night, and was numerously attended. John Swinton, the chairman, delivered an address, in which he arraigned Bismarck as the instigator of the anti-Socialist laws and other repressive measures in Germany. A series of resolupavable to the Dawson fund, to the colleges, tions expressive of the sense of the meeting on this subject were unanimously adopted.

The county seat of Taylor county, W. Va., has been removed from Pruntytown to Grafton, in accordance with the will of the people as expressed at the ballot-box. The arrival of the court records at Grafton was releamed by an outpouring of citizens and the blowing of the whistles of forty engines Hon. H. C. Allen, Speaker of the House of in the yards of the Baltimore and Obio railroad. A new court-house will be erected at

> Clarksville, Tenn. The United States flag was displayed in numerous places, and suniry windows displayed the picture of General Lee surrounded with wreaths of flowers and the coats-of-arms of Virginia and Tennessee. Martin Jordan and Thomas McGrave were

killed at Cincinnati Wednesday by the fallng of a wall of P. Wilson & Son's building, made charges which were utterly without left standing since the recent fire. They vere engaged in tearing down the walls. Both men leave families.

DEATHS.

Died, on the morning of the 235 of January, Mrs. MARGARET R. LYNE, wife of Robert B. Lyne, Esq., of this city, and daughter of Henry E. Shawhan, Esq., of Cyuthiana, Ky.; in the thirtieth year of her age.

Her funcial will take place from the Seventh-Street Christian church THIS (Friday) MORNING at 11 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

Cynthiana, Lexington, and Frankfort (Ky.) papers please copy. pers please copy.

Died. in Henrico county, at 5 P. M., on Wednesday the 22d day of January, 1879, Mrs. MARTHA FRANCES LYNE, wife of Thomas E. Lyne; in the fifty-third year of her age.

Her funeral will take place at her husband's residence, near Dutch Gap, TO-DAY at 10 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

Funeral service at St. James church at 12 o'clock M. THIS (Friday) MORNING, 24th January, 1679. Friends and acquaintances invited to attend. Washington, D. C., Charleston, S. C., and New Or-eans papers please copy.

Died, on Thursday afternoon, January 23d, of pneumonia, LEROY TILDEN; infant son of Wil-liam H, and Alice B. Atkinson; aged two years one month and eleven days. Friends of the family (also those of his grandfather, H. A. Atkinson, Esq., are invited to attend his funeral from the residence of his parents. No. 619 Twenty-sixth street, THIS AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock. LER to revise the laws relating to the pay of Died, last night at 9% o'clock, at her residence, on Brook avenue, Mrs. SOPHIA COOTS, in the fifty third year of her age,

Dearest mother thou hast left us, We thy loss most deeply feel; But 'tis God that hath bereft us, He can all our sorrows heal. Her funeral will take place THIS (Friday AFTERNOON at 3% olclock from St. Mark' Shurch, corner of First and Clay streets. Friend

and acquaintances are respectfully invited to at-Died, at Bremo, in Henrico county, on Wednesday the 22d of January, 1879, at 12 o'clock M.. MAN-FRED MICHAUX MAYO, son of the late Dr. Jo-seph A. Mayo, of Powhatan; in the thirty-sixth year of his age.

SPECIAL RELIGIOUS SERVICES will be held every night this week in the SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH, commencing at 7% o'clock. The pastor, Rev. HENRY McDonald, D. D., will preach every night. Public cordially invited.

MEETINGS.

OFFICERS AND MEMBERS OF P.—Please attend a meeting at your castle hall THIS (Friday) EVENING at half-past 7 o'clock for the purpose of forming a drill corps. Members of sister lodges fraternally invited to attend. JAMES R. LAMKIN, ja 24-11* K. of R. and S.

O. O. F.—The OFFICERS,
BOARD OF DIRECTORS, AND
MEMBERS OF THE ODD-FELLOWS WIDOWS AND ORPHANS
RELIEF ASSOCIATION OF VIRGINIA are here-RELIEF ASSOCIATION OF VIRGINIA are hereby notified to attend a regular semi-monthly meeting of the Association at Odd-Fellows' Hall on FRI-DAY NIGHT. 24th instant, at 7% o'clock. A tuil attendance is desired, as definite action will be taken upon the proposition to commence at once the collection of mortuary fees from the members and the payment of mortuary benefits by the Association.

By order of the Board.

T. WILEY DAVIS,

1a 23-2t* RICHMOND, VA. January 13, 1879.

THE REGULAR ANNUAL MEETING A OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THIS COM-PANY will be held at the office of the company on the 28TH JANUARY, 1879, at 12 M. ja 14-1328 E. B. MEADE. Secretary.

h MILITARY NOTICES. GRAYS, ATTENTION !- Assemble at a Regimental Armory on THIS (Friday) NIGHT at 8 o'clock, in undress uniform, for

SPECIAL NOTICES. FURS! FURS! FURS! PRICES MARKED DOWN. THE STOCK MUST BE CLOSED. We expect to lose some money, but will do it rather than carry the goods over for another season. MUFFS and COLLARS for \$1.50 worth \$3; MUFFS and CULLARS for \$2 worth \$4; MITERS and COLLARS for \$3 worth \$5; MUFFS and COLLARS for \$4 worth \$6; MUFFS and COLLARS for \$5 worth \$8;

Genuine MINK BOA and MUFF for \$5 worth \$15; Genuine MINK MUFF for \$5 worth \$15; FUR CAPS at \$1.50 worth \$8:1 FUR CAPS at \$2 worth \$4: FUR CAPS at \$3.25 worth \$5. Our whole stock of FURS must be closed out a once; so if you need anything in that line call at LEVY BROTHERS' Bargains in BLANKETS. ja 22

CLOAKS! CLOAKS! CLOAKS CLOAKS!-Too many on hand. They must be sold. So we make great reductions in prices: \$9 CLOAKS sold for \$6; \$10 CLOAKS sold for \$7; \$12 CLOAKS sold for \$8: \$15 CLOAKS sold for \$10: \$20 CLOAKS sold for \$12; \$25 CLOAKS sold for \$15.

CHILDREN'S CLOAKS will be sold for about half-CHILDREN'S CLOAKS at \$2.50 worth \$4; CHILDREN'S CLOAKS at \$3 worth \$5; CHILDREN'S CLOAKS at \$3.50 worth \$5.50 CHILDREN'S CLOAKS at \$4 worth \$6; CHILDREN'S CLOAKS at \$5 worth \$8. Remember that we intend selling every cloak we ave on hand, and will sell them at less than cost. 1222 LEVY BROTHERS.

SILKS! SILKS! SILKS! BLACK TAFFETA SILK at 85c. per yard worth

BLACK GROS-GRAIN SILK at \$1 worth \$1.25; BLACK GROS-GRAIN SILK at \$1.25 worth BLACK GROS-GRAIN SILK at \$1.50 worth \$2 BLACK GROS-GRAIN SILK at \$2 worth \$2.50; BLACK GROS-GRAIN SILK at \$3 worth \$4; LIGHT-COLORED SILKS for evening dresses a

80c. per yard worth \$1.25; ELEGANT CREAM-COLORED DAMASSE SILK at \$1.50 per yard, would be cheap at \$3; LIGHT-BLUE SATIN, 24 inches wide, at \$1.25 per yard worth \$2;

COLORED SATINS in great variety: BLACK SATIN at \$1, \$1,25, and \$1,50 per yard BLACK SILK TRIMMING-VELVETS at \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75; \$2, and \$2.50 per yard; WIDE MENLETH VELVET at \$4 per yard worth \$6, at \$8 per yard worth \$12: Extraordinary bargains in FRENCH and IRISH

LEVY BROTHERS'.

Bargains in all kinds of BLANKETS. ja 22 CARPETS! CARPETS! CARPETS We mean to close out the entire stock, and have narked prices down to the lowest notch. You can now cover your floors at prices so low as astoulsh you.

POPLINS, at

Another lot of that OIL-CLOTH one, yard wide at 25c. a yard. RUGS very cheap. Great bargains in COCOA-MATS. WINDOW-SHADES in great variety, very cheap LEVY BROTHERS'.

Bargains in all kinds of BLANKETS. BROCHE SHAWLS! BROCHE SHAWLS! Having a few very fine BROCHE SHAWLS on

band which we wish to dispose of, we will self SHAWLS at \$35 worth \$50; SHAWLS at \$50

worth \$75. These are positive bargains, and those in want can make a great save. We also offer a large assortment of BLACK CASH-MERE and MERINO SHAWLS, and a large stock of FANCY SHAWLS, all of which will be sold very cheap at LEVY BROTHERS'. Bargains in all kinds of BLANKETS. ja 22

PURE IRISH LINEN SHIRT-BO-SOMS at 15c. worth 35c.; TIDIES at 15c, worth 30c., at 40c, worth 60c., at 50c. worth 75c., at 60c. worth \$1; BLACK ELASTIC BELTS, with nice buckles, at 30c., would be cheap at 50c.; General Lee's birthday was celebrated at | PURE LINEN TABLE-CLOTHS, two yards long, at \$1 worth \$1.50 : LINEN NAPKINS at \$1.10 per dozen worth

WOOL TABLE-COVERS at \$1 worth \$1.25: Great bargains in NOTTINGHAM LACE CUR-TAINS and NOTTINGHAM LACES by the

YARD-WIDE PRINTED CAM-BRICS at 8%c, per yard worth 12%c.;
WHITE QUILTS at 50c, worth 75c, at 75c, worth \$1, at \$1.25 worth \$1.75, at \$1.50 worth \$2;
MARSEILLES QUILTS at \$2.50 worth \$3.50, at \$3.50 worth \$5, at \$5 worth \$8, Extra large MARSEILLES QUILTS very cheap at LEVY BROTHERS. Look at our bargains in BLANKETS:

INSURANCE COMPANIES. VIRGINIA STATE INSURANCE COM PANY. OFFICE, 1006 MAIN STREET, RICHMOND.

STATEMENT JANUARY 1, 1879. apital paid up in cash.....\$200,000 00 Total cash assets......\$281,110 41

LIABILITIES: 9 296 28 Capital and gross surplus for protec-tion of policy-holders......\$271.814 13 Amount required to re-insure all out-

standing risks...... \$28.281 55 Net surplus to stockholders...... \$43,582 58 DIRECTORS: John L. Bacon, Thomas W. McCauce, William H. Haxall, Henry Bohmer.

FIRE INSURANCE EFFECTED AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES.
THREE- AND FIVE-YEAR POLICIES ON DWELLINGS (AT LOW RATES) A SPECIALTY.
J. L. BACON, President. J. M. TATE. Secretary. R. E. RICHARDSON, Assistant Secretary.

MUTUAL ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF VIRGINIA. CHARTERED 1794. OFFICE, CORNER TENTH AND BANK STREETS. Insures BUILDINGS by perpetual and annual solicies against FIRE and LIGHTNING.
HERBERT A. CLAIBORNE,
Principal Agent, FRANK D. STEGER. Secretary.
THOMAS BOLLING. Jr., Assistant Secretary,
JOHN BLAIR, Collector. ja 13 Sm

GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY. OFFICE: COMPANY'S BUILDING, NO. 1113 MAIN STREET,

IVERPOOL AND LONDON AND

RICHMOND.\$28,000,000.

WILL INSURE DWELLINGS, WAREHOUSES, MERCHANDISE AND OTHER PROPERTY ON LIBERAL TERMS. DIRECTORS IN RICHMOND:

ARCHER ANDERSON, ESQ., CHAIRMAN; CHARLES T. DAVIS, Esq., DAVENPORT & CO., de 80-1m General Agents. SOUTHERN DEPARTMENT

OF FANEULL-HALL INSURANCE COMPANY, mede join OF BOSTON, MASS.

Deposited with State Treasurer of Virginia (United States bonds)......\$17,000 Fair rates. Prompt settlements. WILLIAM D. RICE, General Agent, de 24-1m No. 5 north Tenth street

GROCERIES, &c. COFFEE, GROCERIES. 15 bales AFRICAN COFFEE,
25 bales MOCHA COFFEE,
400 bags MEDIUM RIO COFFEE,
400 bags CHOIGE BIO COFFEE,
250 barrels REFINED SUGAR,
200 barrels MONOCACT FAMILT FLOUR,
1,000 barrels VIEGINIA and WESTERN EXTRA
FLOUR,
124

SPECIAL NOTICES IN ORDER TO MAKE SOME IN PORTANT ALTERATIONS in their store

COHEN BROTHERS

will commence MONDAY, THE 13TH INSTANT.

TO OFFER THEIR COODS MUCH BELOW THE USUAL PRICE

IN ORDER TO REDUCE STOCK AS MUCH A POSSIBLE.

They would state that their

for this season of the year, and as they will me

STOCK IS UNUSUALLY LARGE

likely have to pack away many goods during a ime of alteration,

THEY GREATLY PREFER TO SELL THEY EVEN AT A SACRIFICE.

A CALL WILL CONVINCE OF THEIR

EARNESTNESS TO SELL [ja 11] COD-LIVER OIL.

MEADE & BAKER'S MEDICINALLY PURE. IMPORTED DIRECT We have the testimony of physicians who cribe it, and of patients who have taken it, that IS MORE ACCEPTABLE TO THE STOMACH IS MORE EASILY ASSIMILATED THAN ANY GIRE

CLOTHING.

DOMN: DOMN: DOMN: DOMN:

Importing and Discensing Pharmacists,

MEADE & BAKER,

919 Main street. Richmond, Va.

GOES THE PRICES.

OVERCOATS, OVERCOATS,

BUSINESS SUITS, BUSINESS SUITS

BOTTOM PRICES

E. R. SPENCE & SON'S.

CASSIMERE SUITS

MADE TO ORDER

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK AND PRICES.

E. B. SPENCE & SON

TINDERWEAR, UNDERWEAR. AT LOW PRICES.

SCARLET MERINO SHIRTS. SCARLET FLANNEL SHIRTS. WHITE WOOL SHIRTS, WHITE MERINO SHIRTS.

AT VERY LOW PRICES. GLOVES, GLOVES, GLOVES,

13 14

LOW PRICES. SEALSKIN GLÖVES. DOGSKIN GLOVES.

BUCKSKIN GLOVES. FUR-TOP GLOVES. CASTOR GLOVES, CLOTH GLOVES. LINED KID GLOVES, KID GLOVES.

ALL KINDS OF GLOVES AT LOW PRICE

DRY GOODS. CHRISTMAS HAS PASSED AND NE YEAR is upon us, and we still have left BARGAINS, which we wish to offer to the Having fully determined to make a change

usiness, we will close out out entire stock of DRY GOODS. embracing CASSIMERES for men's and boys, wear.
CASSIMERES for men's and boys, wear.
BLANKETS, COUNTERPANES, SHAWLS,
LADIES' and MISSES' FURS—
all at and below cost.

We call the ladles' special attention to ou CROCHET WORK, such as INFANTS (LOAN) CHILDREN'S SACQUES, CAPS, LEGGINGS GLOVES, &C.

GLOVES, &C.
Orders promptly attended to.
STAMPING and EMBROIDERY NEATLY EX
ECUTED. Call at
EVI HEXTER'S.
ECUTED. Call at between Sixth and Seventh streets SEINE-THREAD.

IN ANTICIPATION OF

I baving our house remodelled and
repainted throughout we will commence selling of
entire stock of SEINF-THREAD (every pointed in
ported this season). SEINE-LINE, GILL-ROFF
YAWRING, SEINE-CORK. NETTING for a
YAWRING, SEINE-CORK. NETTING for a
kinds of selnes, &c., &c., for less than the goods or
becommended for. be imported for.
Also, our entire stock of DRY GOODS, CLOTH
ING, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, &c., at a correspond

ING, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, &c., at a consing reduction.

We have too many goods, and mean to self at loss in order to reduce stock before we make alterations, which we shall commence in a shot atterations, which we shall commence in a shot atterations, which we shall commence in a shot atterations, which we shall commence in a shot atterations.

L. LICHTENSTEIN & SONS.

Sole Importers of the "LION-BRAND" SING.

THREAD, warranted superior to any ever important to the United States.

enough - Buffalo Lamss.

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